MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

"The search for common ground in a divided market"

Ben Feigin

IN THE BEGINNING...

MOTOROLA DYNATAC 8000X



EARLY SMART PHONES





Nokia 9000 Series

WHAT IS A "SMARTPHONE"

- Semi-Smart: Phone that offers features beyond making calls
 - E-mail
 - Take pictures
 - Plays mp3
 - •
- Phone that runs a complete Operating System
 - Offers a standardized platform for development
 - Able to execute arbitrary 3rd party applications

QUICK FACTS

- Today
 - Cell phones in use today ~ 1.2 billion
 - Smartphones account for $14\% \sim 170$ Million
- Projected 2012
 - Cell phones ~ 1.7 billion
 - Smartphones 29% ~ 500 Million
- 300% Smartphone growth in three years

MOBILE DEVELOPMENT

Mobile Development Solutions

- o Java ME
- \circ Symbian
 - UIQ
 - S60
- Android
- ${\color{red} \bullet} \ BlackBerry$
- o OVI
- Windows Mobile
- iPhone
- o LiMo
- o Ångström distribution
- o Adobe Flash Light
- BREW
- \circ OpenMoko
- Palm OS (Garnet OS, Cobalt OS)
- Palm webOS
 - Mojo

WHY?

- Different Phones Different Uses
 - Phones for consumer or phone for business
 - V-Cast vs Palm
- Money
 - Hardware made money
 - Tried to maintain control over content and services.
 - Wanted to charge 3rd party developers for the privilege of using their platform.
 - Digital signing
 - o Distribution mechanisms.

COMMON PROBLEM: ABSTRACTION

- Interface / GUI
 - How does the developer create an interface
 - Different interaction techniques
 - Graphical capabilities of the phone
- Phone Services and Security
 - What resources are available to your program
 - What types of boundaries or constraints are put on applications
 - How can code be considered "safe"

OTHER ISSUES

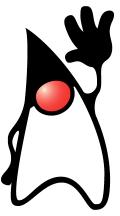
- Distribution
 - Centralized repository
 - Direct OTI
 - From PC
- Development
 - Language familiarity
 - Porting
 - IDEs?
 - Debugging
 - Emulation Vs on Phone
 - Performance
 - Very limited resources
 - Battery

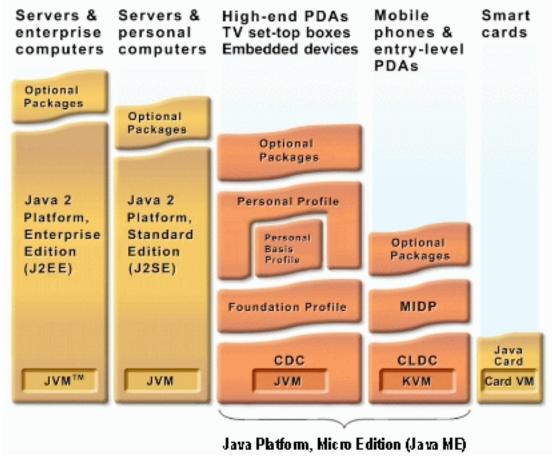
THREE TIERED SOLUTION

- Virtual Environment
 - Java ME
 - BREW *
- Core Operating System
 - Symbian
 - LiMo
- Rich Operating System
 - Android
 - iPhone

VIRTUAL ENVIRONMENTS

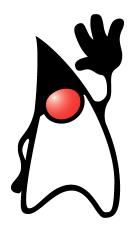
JAVA PLATFORM





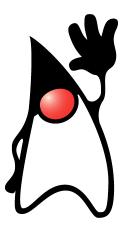
KVM / CLDC

- Specially designed mobile virtual machine
- Original Ran with 128k Memory footprint
- Paired down to bare bones
 - Reduced versions of classes
 - o String, Object, Hashtable, Vector, Math, Simple Errors
- Yank out features
 - No long, float, double
 - Class Loaders
 - Threading
 - Multi dimensional arrays
- But Each phone implementation can add them back
- Takes a profile to complete the stack



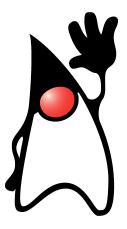
MOBILE INFORMATION DEVICE PROFILE

- Mobile Information Device Profile
- Adds libraries specific to Mobile phones
 - IO
 - Record management system
 - Basic media playback system
- LCDUI- 2D drawing library typically used for sprite based 2d games
- Optional packages
 - SMS control
 - PIM personal info management (Contact list control)



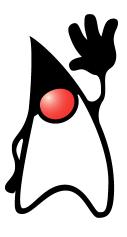
JAVA MICRO EDITION

- Almost all phones include a runtime
 - Pluggable Architecture
- Attempted to be ubiquitous language for development
- Security Model
 - Relied heavily on digital signing
- Fell short of expectations
 - Phone specific plug-ins
 - Applications could be blocked without specific certificates.
 - Currently paired down version of java 1.3



JAVA MICRO EDITION

- New Version 3.0 just released
- Offers support for several new features
 - GPS
 - New Graphics library LWUIT
 - Screen orientation
- Only available for windows
- Updated CLDC.



BINARY RUNTIME ENVIRONMENT FOR WIRELESS (BREW)

- Developed by QUALCOMM
- V-Cast
- Similar to Java ME
 - C/C++ vs Java
 - Smaller subset of phones
 - Tighter integration then ME
- Start to finish development integration
 - High barrier to entry
 - Number of large steps at high cost
- Java ME can be as simple as publish and go

OPERATING SYSTEMS SYMBIAN

SYMBIAN: AT A GLANCE

Good

- Huge Market Share
 - 45%
- Robust and well vetted platform
- Very open
- Low overhead eventbased programming

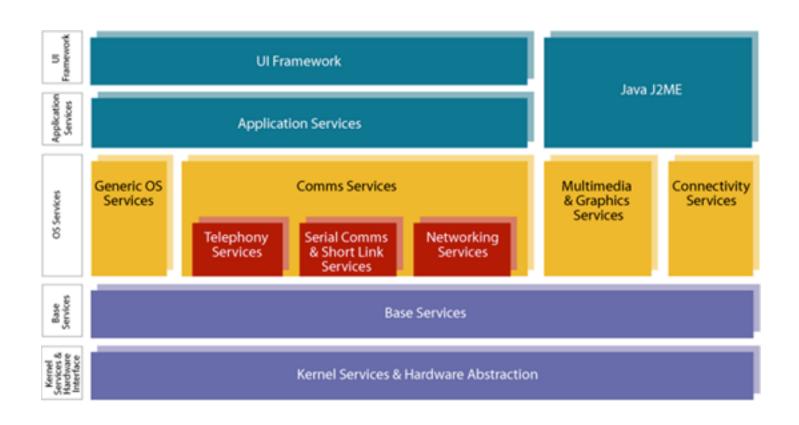
Bad

- Strange flavor of C++
 - Java and others with SDK
- Resource management is cumbersome
- Two popular SDK's that are incompatible

UIQ VS S60

- Rival SDK's for the Symbian OS
- UIQ
 - Sony Ericsson
 - Touch screen phones
- S60
 - Developed and owned by Nokia
 - Current industry leader
 - Will become standard in late 2009
- Both offer a full development stack

S60 DEVELOPMENT: THE STACK



S60 DEVELOPMENT: IDE

- Carbide.c++
 - Developed by Nokia
 - IDE based on Eclipse platform
 - Provides a set of tools for debugging
 - SDK independent
- Carbide.vs
 - Visual studio implementation
 - Similar feature set

S60 DEVELOPMENT: APPLICATION STRUCTURE

- All applications are treated as dll's and have a single entry point
- Main: Application Class
- Uses MVC style organization
 - M: Document Class
 - V: Container / Container View Class
 - C: AppUI Class

S60 DEVELOPMENT: CLASSES AND VARIABLES

Prefix	Category	Description
T	Type	Data container
C	Class	Class model
R	Resource	Manages external state
M	Mixin	Interface
	Static	Factories and utility

Prefix	Category	Description
E	Enum	Values in enumeration
K	Constant	Class model
i	Member Variable	Non-static 'instance' variable
a	Argument	Function argument
	Automatic Variable	Managed variable, destroyed when out of scope

S60 DEVELOPMENT: ACTIVE OBJECTS

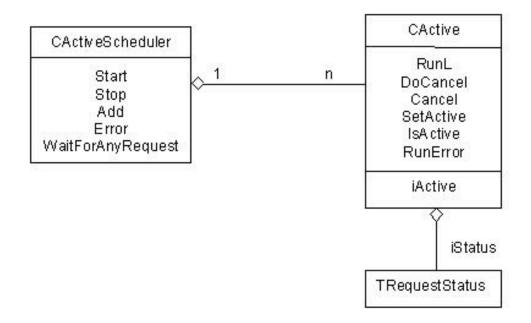


Figure 1

S60 Development: Error Handling

- LEAVE and TRAP vs try/catch
- Try Catch has large overhead
- Use TRAP Macro
- Cleanup is an issue

```
Void Ctest::FooL()
{
    CBar* v1= new (Eleave) Cbar;
    CleanupStack::PushL(v1);
    //Do dangerious things
    EvilMethodL();

CleanupStack::PopAndDestroy();
};
```

```
Tint error;
TRAP(error, fooL());{
If(error!=KErrNon)
{
    // Handel exception
}
```

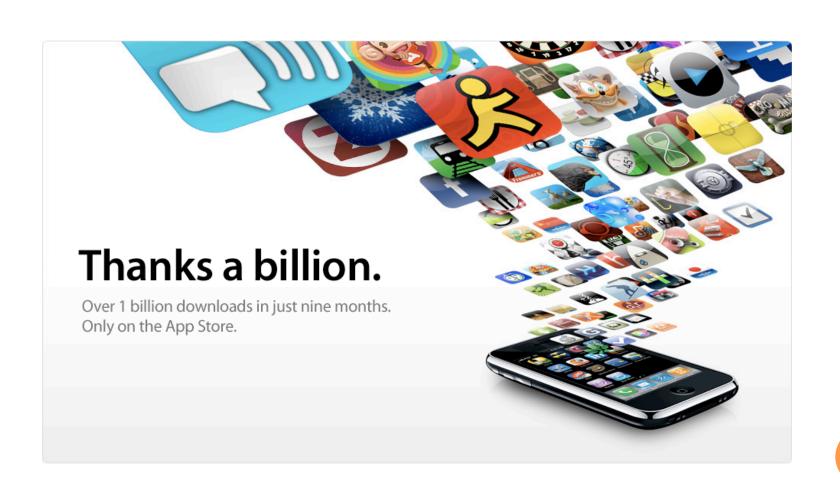
S60 DEVELOPMENT: SECURITY MODEL

- Data caging
 - /Resource
 - /Sys
 - /Private
 - /"Anything else"
- Capabilities
 - Open to all
 - Granted by user at install
 - Symbian Signed
 - OEM

S60 DEVELOPMENT: FUTURE

- o June 24, 2008:
 - Nokia outright purchased the Symbian OS
 - Symbian Foundation Formed
- Goals
 - "Provide a royalty-free open platform and accelerate innovation"
 - Combine Symbian OS, S60, UIQ
 - Move code base to open source in next two years
- o http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UxGa6kyPOjk&feature=player_embedded
- ${\color{gray}\bullet} \ http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gAg_MOFNfFc\&feature=player_embedded.$

OPERATING SYSTEMS iPHONE



NUMBERS

- SDK Released March 6th 2008
- Billion apps downloaded as of April 23rd
 - Includes both pay and free
 - Assuming 10% paid downloads
 - lowest price of \$.99/app
 - \$99 Million
- 17% Market share just in front of Blackberry
- Still well behind Symbian but growing very fast

iPHONE DEVELOPMENT

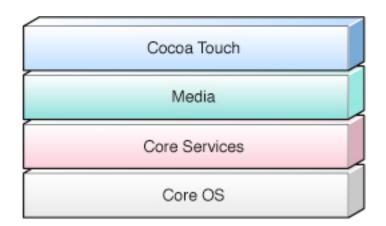
- Objective-C
 - Message based architecture
 - Similar to Smalltalk
- No Java VM or other 3rd party plugins
- "An Application may not itself install or launch other executable code by any means, including without limitation through the use of a plug-in architecture, calling other frameworks, other APIs or otherwise. No interpreted code may be downloaded and used in an Application except for code that is interpreted and run by Apple's Published APIs and built-in interpreter(s)." iPhone SDK EULA

iPHONE DEVELOPMENT: SDK

- Four distinctive framework API's
 - Cocoa Touch Layer
 - Media Layer
 - Core Services Layer
 - Core OS Layer

• IDE

- Xcode
- Interface Builder
- iPhone Simulator
- On phone application development



iPhone Development: Interface Builder / Xcode

- Design for graphical, event-driven applications
- Pallet of GUI widgets to use in your views.
- Drag and drop widgets onto views
- Links between objects can be created graphically
 - MVC pattern designed here
 - Graphically declare hooks into a program
- Produces Nib Files

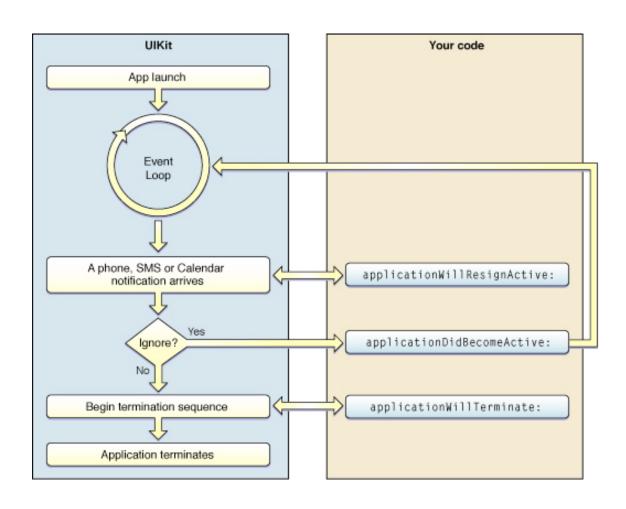
iPHONE DEVELOPMENT: DESIGN PATTERNS

- Delegation
 - Don't Subclass
- Method calls are messages
 - [Object Message]
 - Both are dynamic
- Managed Memory
 - Auto release

```
{
    NSString *string =[... Alloc]...;
    [string release];
    return string; //??
}

{
    NSString *string =[... Alloc]...;
    [string autorelease];
    return string;
}
```

iPHONE DEVELOPMENT: APPLICATION LIFE CYCLE



iPHONE DEVELOPMENT: SECURITY MODEL

- Originally all applications ran as root
- Not a whole lot better now
 - All apps run as "mobile" user
- Survived this year's Pwn2Own
- Security based on delivery mechanism
 - All applications must be delivered through the iTunes App Store
 - Requires apple approval and testing
 - \$99 App Store
 - \$299 Enterprise
 - Digitally signed by developer

iPHONE DEVELOPMENT: FUTURE

- o iPhone OS 3.0
 - In app purchases
 - Accessory APIs
 - Peer to Peer connectivity
 - o New Game Kit
 - iPod library access
 - Embedded maps
 - Copy & Paste
- Video

OPERATING SYSTEMS Android

YEAR OF THE ANDROID?

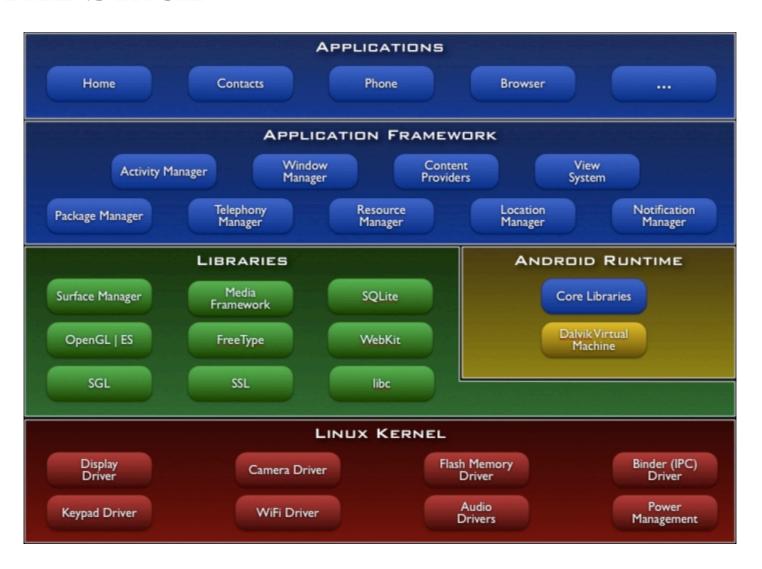
- Averaged 47% growth/month over first four months
- iPhone 88%
- Currently only on HTC Dream(G1)
- Really cool concept but will it penetrate the market



WHAT IS ANDROID

- Full Stack
 - OS
 - Middleware
 - Applications
 - IDE
- Fully Open
 - Source and Ideology
- User Control
 - Can establish preferred applications
- Application Modularity
 - Apps provide functionality that can be used by others

ANDROID DEVELOPMENT: THE STACK



ANDROID DEVELOPMENT: JVM

- Dalvik
 - Register-based Java virtual machine
 - Runs .dex files
 - Similar to a JAR
 - Used a cross compiler tool 'dx'
 - Optimized for multiple instances
- Why not Java ME?
 - Not fully open source
 - Still under control of Sun Micro
 - Veto on any proposed changes

ANDROID DEVELOPMENT: APPLICATION OVERVIEW

- Packaged in one .apk file
- Each application lives in its "own phone"
 - Its own Linux process
 - Its own JVM
 - Its own "file system"
- Component based architecture
 - Activities
 - Services
 - Broadcast receivers
 - Content providers
- Manifest file provides information about components

ANDROID DEVELOPMENT: ACTIVITIES

- A visual interface for one task a user will attempt
- Each activity gets a window to draw in.
- Similar to a controller, takes view objects to display in the window
 - Views can nest within each other
- Application can designate one activity as first

ANDROID DEVELOPMENT: SERVICES

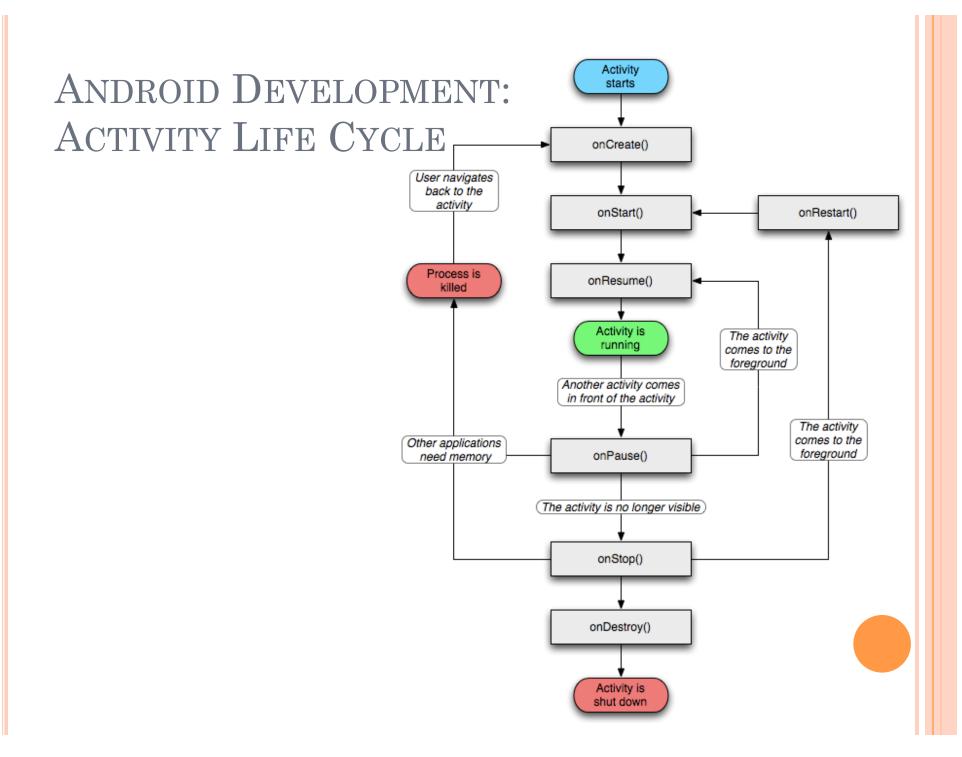
- Background process
 - No UI
- Example: Media player
- Can connect (bind) to a service
 - Currently running
 - Or by starting it
- Once bound can communicate through predefined interface
- Media Player: start, stop..

ANDROID DEVELOPMENT: BROADCAST RECEIVERS / CONTENT PROVIDERS

- Broadcast Receivers
 - Event listeners
 - o No UI
 - Can broadcast events
 - On event execute activity or display notification
- Content Providers
 - Opens specific part of an applications data
 - Uses Content Resolvers
 - Not called directly
 - Returns a cursor object

ANDROID DEVELOPMENT: INTENTS

- Contains the target object, the target method, and a URI of data to act on
- Activates components
 - Aside from content providers
- Intent can call startActivity, startService, sendBroadcast



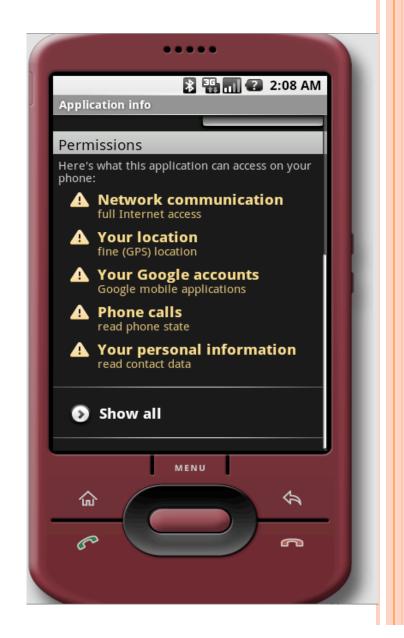
ANDROID DEVELOPMENT: DEMO

- Video: Example integration using android
 - http://www.youtube.com/watch?
 v=3LkNlTNHZzE&feature=PlayList&p=611F8C5DB
 F49CEC6&index=2

ANDROID DEVELOPMENT: SECURITY

Sand Box

- Without explicit permission can't get outside
- Each application can control what gets exposed
- Permissions are declared at install time and can't change
- App signing
 - Digitally signed by developer



ANDROID DEVELOPMENT:

FUTURE

- Could have changed everything
 - iPhone got there first
- True value of "Apps without boarders?"
- Solid development platform
 - Build on a language with millions of developers
 - Without limitations of Java ME
- Net Books?
 - Still far away
 - Android doesn't support X-Server
 - Tech demo already complete.



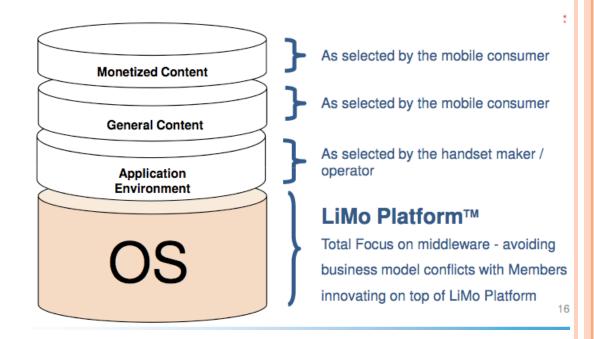
ON THE HORIZON

LiMo

• "LiMo believes that the growth of the mobile industry depends on the existence of a broadly accepted operating system."

• SDKs

- Native
- Java
- Web
- Major Players:
 - Verizon
 - Motorola
 - Docomo
 - Vodafone



PALM webOS / MOJO

- Blurs the line between phone and web sources
 - Native
 - Application
 - Cloud
- "Palm has extended the standard web development environment through a JavaScript framework that gives standardized UI widgets, and access to selected device hardware and services."
- Video

QUESTIONS

- Can the development space ever be consolidated?
- How big a roll does a centralized distribution mechanism play?
 - Does the safety of the App Store warrant having to pay \$99 to develop something?

REFERENCES

- o iphone vs. Symbian vs. Android vs. Limo vs. Ovi: We cannot compare an ecosystem with an operating system
 - http://opengardensblog.futuretext.com/archives/2008/06/iphone_vs_symbi_1.html
- Developing Secure Mobile Applications for Android
 - http://www.isecpartners.com/files/iSEC_Securing_Android_Apps.pdf
- Architectural manifesto: How to Choose a mobile platform
 - http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/architecture/library/wi-arch23.html
- AdMob Mobile Metrics Report
 - ${\color{blue} \bullet http://metrics.admob.com/wp-content/uploads/2009/04/admob-mobile-metrics-march-09.pdf}$
- What is Android
 - http://developer.android.com/guide/basics/what-is-android.html
- Overview of LiMo
 - \bullet http://www.limofoundation.org/images/stories/pdf/090211%20limo%20overview %20v3.pdf

REFERENCES

- o iPhone Application Programming Guide: The Core Application
 - http://developer.apple.com/iphone/library/documentation/iPhone/Conceptual/iPhoneOSProgrammingGuide/ ApplicationEnvironment/ApplicationEnvironment.html#//apple_ref/doc/uid/TP40007072-CH7-SW1
- o Using Symbian OS: Getting Started
 - http://developer.symbian.com/main/documentation/books/books_files/pdf/Getting_Started_final.pdf
- o Smartphone NUmbers
 - http://www.boygeniusreport.com/2009/04/19/samsungs-says-smartphones-will-make-up-29-percent-of-the-market-in-2012/
- o UIQ Symbian
 - http://www.sonyericsson.com/cws/companyandpress/pressreleases/pressrelease/pres
- o Obj-C memory
 - http://www.macdevcenter.com/pub/a/mac/2001/07/27/cocoa.html?page=3
- o Dalvik
 - http://www.betaversion.org/~stefano/linotype/news/110/
- o Android Tech Demo
 - http://venturebeat.com/2009/01/01/android-netbooks-on-their-way-likely-by-2010/